

## **DesCartes: A Continuum of Learning®**

## Mathematics

Goal: Geometry

RIT Score Range: 191 - 200 Statements Last Updated: Mar 10, 2014

| Skills and Concepts to Enhance (73% Probability*)<br>181 - 190   | Skills and Concepts to Develop (50% Probability*)<br>191 - 200  | Skills and Concepts to Introduce (27% Probability*)<br>201 - 210  |
|--|---|---|
| Geometric Measurement and Relationships  | Geometric Measurement and Relationships   | Geometric Measurement and Relationships   |
| Selects and uses the appropriate type and size of unit in customary system (length)  | Selects and uses the appropriate type and size of unit in customary system (length)   | Uses the appropriate unit of measure for length   |
|  |   | Knows the approximate size of a yard  |
| Measures length with customary measures to the half-inch mark  | Determines the perimeter of a figure where all sides are labeled  | Measures length to the nearest centimeter   |
| Uses a variety of non-standard units to measure the same length  | Determines the perimeter of a figure where some sides are labeled   | Knows the approximate size of a pound   |
| Determines more capacity or less capacity  | Solves simple problems involving the perimeter of squares, rectangles, or triongles.  | Knows the approximate size of a gram  |
| <ul> <li>Determines the perimeter of a figure where all sides are labeled</li> <li>Determines the area of irregular shapes by counting square units</li> </ul> | or triangles  • Estimates the area of rectangles using square units   | Estimates the measure of acute, right, and obtuse angles using 45 and 90 degrees as referents   |
| Classifies polygons by sides and vertices  | Identifies lines  | Determines the perimeter of a figure where some sides are labeled   |
| Identifies and names a cube  | Identifies parallel lines   | Describes the change in area of a triangle when 1 dimension of an   |
| • Identifies and names a sphere  | Uses models to compare angles relative to right angles  | object is altered (metric units)  |
|  | Identifies right angles   | Estimates the area of rectangles using square units   |
|  | Identifies corners (vertices) of cubes  | Determines the area of irregular shapes with partial square units   |
|  | Identifies the number of faces on rectangular prisms  | Identifies situations where it is appropriate to calculate area   |
|  | Identifies and names a cylinder   | Estimates and finds volume of a figure using cubic units  |
|  | Identifies and names a sphere     Sorte 3 D shapes and shipsts according to their attributes.   | Uses basic indirect methods to estimate measurements (grids for area of irregular figures)  |
|  | <ul> <li>Sorts 2-D shapes and objects according to their attributes</li> <li>Creates a new shape by combining different shapes, or identifies the different shapes that were used to make the original shape</li> </ul> | Identifies parallel lines   |
|  |   | Uses models to compare angles relative to right angles  |
|  | Explores maps and relates them to measurements of real distances.   | Identifies and names a parallelogram  |
|  | using the scale   | Identifies and names a trapezoid  |
|  |   | Identifies and names a hexagon  |
|  |   | Classifies polygons by number of sides  |
|  |   | Classifies polygons by sides and angles   |
|  |   | Identifies corners (vertices) of cubes  |
|  |   | Classifies cubes by their properties (e.g., edges with equal lengths, faces with equal areas and congruent shapes, right angle corners) |
|  |   | Identifies a cube from a net  |
|  |   | Identifies and names a cylinder   |
| Congruence, Similarity, Right Triangles, & Trig  | Congruence, Similarity, Right Triangles, & Trig   | Congruence, Similarity, Right Triangles, & Trig   |
| Identifies congruent figures   | Identifies congruent figures  | Identifies congruent polygons and their corresponding sides and angles  |
| Identifies figures that are similar  | Identifies congruent polygons and their corresponding sides and angles  | Classifies plane figures by the number of lines of symmetry   |
| Identifies plane figures with line symmetry  | Identifies plane figures with line symmetry   |   |
| Identifies transformations of plane figures (rotations/turns)  | Identifies the number of lines of symmetry in plane figures   |   |
|  | Identifies transformations of plane figures (reflections/flips)   |   |
| New Vocabulary: estimation, millimeter, symmetry   | New Vocabulary: face, intersect, large, parallel, vertical line   | New Vocabulary: cubic centimeter, cubic unit, edge, larger, parallel line,  |
| New Signs and Symbols: None  | New Signs and Symbols: \$ dollar sign, ft feet, in. inch, m meter/metre, yd   | regular polygon, transpoid  |
|  | yard  | New Signs and Symbols: cm centimeter/centimetre, ° degrees, g gram  |

## **Explanatory Note**

\* At the range mid-point, this is the probability students would correctly answer items measuring these concepts and skills. Both data from test items and review by NWEA curriculum specialists are used to place Learning Continuum statements into appropriate RIT ranges. Blank cells indicate data are limited or unavailable for this range or document version.