

DesCartes: A Continuum of Learning®

Mathematics Goal: Geometry RIT Score Range:221 - 230Statements Last Updated:Mar 10, 2014

Skills and Concepts to Enhance (73% Probability*) 211 - 220	Skills and Concepts to Develop (50% Probability*) 221 - 230	Skills and Concepts to Introduce (27% Probability*) 231 - 240
Geometric Measurement and Relationships	Geometric Measurement and Relationships	Geometric Measurement and Relationships
 Uses the appropriate unit of measure for length 	• Determines coordinates of geometric figures in the first quadrant	Measures length to the nearest millimeter
 Knows the approximate size of a millimeter 	Measures length to the nearest millimeter	• Solves problems involving the perimeter of irregular or complex shapes
Selects and uses the appropriate type and size of unit in metric system (mass)	 Determines the perimeter of a figure using non-standard units Solves problems involving the perimeter of squares, rectangles, or 	Describes the change in perimeter when dimensions of an object are altered
 Solves simple problems involving capacity 	triangles	 Identifies the formula for perimeter with a variable
• Estimates the measure of acute, right, and obtuse angles using 45 and 90 degrees as referents	 Solves problems involving the perimeter of irregular or complex shapes Describes the change in perimeter when dimensions of an object are 	 Determines the circumference when given the diameter or radius (or vice versa)
 Measures angles using a protractor 	altered	• Determines the circumference when given the area of a circle (or vice
 Determines the perimeter of a figure using non-standard units 	• Describes the change in area of a triangle when 1 dimension of an	versa)
 Solves problems involving the perimeter of squares, rectangles, or 	object is altered (metric units)	Knows the relationship between radius, diameter, and circumference
triangles	• Calculates the area of a rectangle, given labeled sides (customary	 Compares area of numerous triangles
 Finds the perimeter of a polygon using a formula 	units)	 Determines the area of a triangle drawn on a grid
Describes the change in perimeter when dimensions of an object are	 Determines the length or width of a rectangle, given the area (metric units) 	 Determines the area of a triangle, given the formula
altered Determines the diameter, given the radius, and vice versa 	Solves simple problems involving the area of a square or rectangle	 Calculates the area of a rectangle, given labeled sides (customary units)
 Describes the change in area of a triangle when 1 dimension of an object is altered (metric units) 	 Calculates the base or height of a parallelogram, given the area and formula (metric) 	 Determines the length or width of a rectangle, given the area (metric units)
Determines the area of irregular shapes with partial square units	 Determines the area of irregular shapes (customary units) 	Describes the change in area of a rectangle when dimensions of an
 Estimates and finds volume of a figure using cubic units 	 Calculates area and perimeter of a rectangle (customary units) 	object are altered
Calculates the volume of a rectangular prism, and converts to a	 Calculates the volume of rectangular solids 	 Solves simple problems involving the area of a square or rectangle
different measurement scale (customary units)	Calculates the volume of a rectangular prism, and converts to a	 Determines the area of a parallelogram, given a labeled diagram
Identifies rays	different measurement scale (customary units) Identifies rays 	 Calculates the base or height of a parallelogram, given the area and formula (metric)
 Identifies properties of angles 	Determines which lines are perpendicular (analysis)	Determines the area of a trapezoid, given the formula (metric units)
Identifies acute angles	Identifies and determines missing angle measures for supplementary	Solves problems comparing areas of different polygons
Identifies obtuse angles	angles	
 Identifies and names a trapezoid 	Identifies acute angles	Determines the area of irregular shapes (customary units)
 Identifies and names a rhombus 	Classifies equilateral triangles	 Understands the procedure for finding the area and surface area of figures
 Identifies and names a quadrilateral 	Identifies and names a rhombus	Calculates the volume of rectangular solids
 Classifies polygons by type of angle 	Identifies and names a quadrilateral	Calculates the length, width, or height of a rectangular prism, given the
 Identifies corners (vertices) of cubes 	Compares polygons by properties	area (customary units)
 Identifies the net which makes a cube-like (open box) figure Identifies the number of edges on rectangular prisms 	Identifies properties of quadrilaterals	 Calculates the volume of a rectangular prism, and converts to a different measurement scale (customary units)
 Predicts and verifies the effects of combining or subdividing basic 	 Classifies polygons by type of angle 	Determines which lines are perpendicular (analysis)
shapes	 Identifies the number of edges on rectangular prisms 	Classifies isosceles triangles
Determines an appropriate scale for representing a distance on a map	 Uses similarity to solve problems using scale drawings Determines an appropriate scale for representing an object in a scale drawing 	Classifies scalene triangles
		Identifies properties of circles
		Compares polygons by properties
		Identifies properties of quadrilaterals
	l	identifies properties of quadrinaterals

Explanatory Notes

* At the range mid-point, this is the probability students would correctly answer items measuring these concepts and skills. Both data from test items and review by NWEA curriculum specialists are used to place Learning Continuum statements into appropriate RIT ranges. Blank cells indicate data are limited or unavailable for this range or document version.



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Geometric Measurement and Relationships	Geometric Measurement and Relationships	Geometric Measurement and Relationships
		Uses similarity to solve problems using scale drawings
		• Explores maps and relates them to measurements of real distances, using proportional reasoning
		• Determines an appropriate scale for representing an object in a scale drawing
Congruence, Similarity, Right Triangles, & Trig	Congruence, Similarity, Right Triangles, & Trig	Congruence, Similarity, Right Triangles, & Trig
 Identifies similar and congruent triangles Uses similar figures to construct ratios and solve for a missing side Identifies geometric transformations (rotations) Identifies geometric transformations (translations) 	 Identifies properties of parallel and perpendicular lines Recognizes the interior angle relationships of triangles Uses similar figures to construct ratios and solve for a missing side Uses similar triangles to construct ratios and solve for a missing side Identifies geometric transformations (rotations) Identifies geometric transformations (reflections) 	 Identifies and determines a missing angle measure in corresponding, vertical, and alternate exterior/interior angles Recognizes the interior angle relationships of triangles Identifies properties of congruent triangles Solves problems involving properties of congruent triangles
		 Uses similar triangles to construct ratios and solve for a missing side Identifies geometric transformations (dilations) Identifies geometric transformations (reflections) Determines whether a given pair of figures on a coordinate plane represents a translation, reflection, rotation, or dilation
New Vocabulary: acute angle, congruent angle, cord, dilation, obtuse angle, straight angle, transformation	New Vocabulary: cubic meter, interior angle, long, scale factor	New Vocabulary: None
	New Signs and Symbols: () ordered pair, ' feet, h height, " inches, = is	New Signs and Symbols: () order of operations, + addition, C
New Signs and Symbols: ∠ angle, angle marker (arc), ↓ measurement span down, ← measurement span left, → measurement span right, ↑ measurement span up, mm millimeter/millimetre, • point, right angle marker, : used with time	equal to, = is equal to, I length, × multiplication, : ratio, V volume, w width	circumference, congruent segment symbol, d diameter, × multiplication, P perimeter, π pi, r radius

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