

DesCartes: A Continuum of Learning®

Mathematics Goal: Geometry RIT Score Range:251 - 260Statements Last Updated:Mar 10, 2014

Skills and Concepts to Enhance (73% Probability*) 241 - 250	Skills and Concepts to Develop (50% Probability*) 251 - 260	Skills and Concepts to Introduce (27% Probability*) 261 - 270
Geometric Measurement and Relationships	Geometric Measurement and Relationships	Geometric Measurement and Relationships
 Determines slope from an equation (analysis) 	Determines slope from an equation (analysis)	Determines slope from an equation (analysis)
 Determines the midpoint of a line on a coordinate grid 	• Using the slope of an equation, identifies parallel and perpendicular	• Using the slope of an equation, identifies parallel and perpendicular
 Determines the figure when plotting ordered pairs 	lines	lines
• Computes and interprets the midpoint, given a set of ordered pairs	Determines the slope of perpendicular lines	Determines the slope of perpendicular lines
(horizontal and vertical lines)	Determines the midpoint of a line on a coordinate grid	• Defines pi and knows common estimates (3.14 and 22/7)
 Determines the circumference when given the diameter or radius (or vice versa) 	• Determines an endpoint of a line segment on a coordinate grid, given the midpoint and the other endpoint	 Solves problems involving complex figures (e.g., triangle, parallelogram)
 Determines the circumference when given the area of a circle (or vice versa) 	• Determines the circumference when given the area of a circle (or vice versa)	Solves real-world problems involving surface area
 Determines the area of a triangle without the formula 	• Determines the area of a figure when plotting ordered pairs without a	
Determines the area of a figure when plotting ordered pairs without a	grid	
grid	Determines the area of a parallelogram, given a labeled diagram	
 Solves problems involving area of a rectangle and converts to larger or smaller units (customary) 	• Calculate the height of a trapezoid, given the area, without the formula given (metric)	
 Describes the change in area of a rectangle when dimensions of an object are altered 	• Determines the diameter or radius when given the area of a circle (metric units)	
 Determines the area of a parallelogram, given a labeled diagram 	Solves problems involving complex figures (e.g., triangle,	
 Solves problems involving area of a circle 	parallelogram)	
• Determines the diameter or radius when given the area of a circle	Solves complex problems involving inscribed figures	
(metric units)	Solves real-world problems involving surface area	
Solves problems comparing areas of different polygons	• Calculates the length of one side of a cube, given the volume (customary units)	
 Determines the area of irregular shapes (customary units) Calculates the area of irregular shapes (metric units) 	Determines the volume of a cylinder	
Solves complex problems involving inscribed figures	Calculates the radius of a sphere, given the volume and formula	
Determines the surface area of rectangular solids	(metric units)	
Determines the effects of changing dimensions on volume (no units)	Solves real-world problems comparing volumes of figures	
Identifies and determines missing angle measures for complementary	• Recognizes that the sum of the measures of two sides of a triangle must be greater than the measure of the third side	
angles	Classifies polygons by properties	
 Recognizes that the sum of the measures of two sides of a triangle must be greater than the measure of the third side 		
Congruence, Similarity, Right Triangles, & Trig	Congruence, Similarity, Right Triangles, & Trig	Congruence, Similarity, Right Triangles, & Trig
Uses an indirect method to measure the height of an inaccessible	Determines the distance between two points	 Determines sine of an angle in a given right triangle
	Uses reasoning to verify properties of parallel and perpendicular lines	 Determines cosine of an angle in a given right triangle
 Identifies and determines a missing angle measure in corresponding, vertical, and alternate exterior/interior angles 	Identifies corresponding and alternate exterior/interior angles	Determines tangent of an angle in a given triangle
 Identifies corresponding and alternate exterior/interior angles 	Uses properties of angles to solve mathematical problems	Uses trigonometric methods to solve mathematical problems involving triangles
Uses properties of angles to solve mathematical problems	Recognizes the exterior angle relationships of triangles	Uses properties of angles to solve mathematical problems
Recognizes the exterior angle relationships of triangles	Solves problems involving properties of triangles	Uses the properties of 30-60-90 triangles to solve problems
Uses the Pythagorean theorem to solve problems	Uses the Pythagorean theorem to solve problems Uses Pythagorean triplets to solve problems	
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Explanatory Notes

* At the range mid-point, this is the probability students would correctly answer items measuring these concepts and skills. Both data from test items and review by NWEA curriculum specialists are used to place Learning Continuum statements into appropriate RIT ranges. Blank cells indicate data are limited or unavailable for this range or document version.



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Congruence, Similarity, Right Triangles, & Trig	Congruence, Similarity, Right Triangles, & Trig	Congruence, Similarity, Right Triangles, & Trig
 Uses Pythagorean triplets to solve problems 	Verifies congruency of triangles using ASA, SAS, SSS, or AAS	
Determines whether a given pair of figures on a coordinate plane	 Solves problems involving similar polygons (not triangles) 	
represents a translation, reflection, rotation, or dilation Determines the coordinates of the dilation of a figure on a coordinate graph Determines the new coordinates of a transformed geometric figure 	Solves problems involving properties of similar triangles (e.g., using geometric mean, Triangle Proportionality Theorem)	
	• Uses picture representations to identify symmetry of plane figures with respect to a point or line	
	• Determines the coordinates of the dilation of a figure on a coordinate graph	
New Vocabulary: y-axis	New Vocabulary: rotational symmetry	New Vocabulary: trigonometric relationship
New Signs and Symbols: A area, b base, km kilometer/kilometre, \leftrightarrow line symbol, - negative number, parallel symbol, segment overbar, sq square, \bigtriangleup triangle	New Signs and Symbols: AAS angle angle side, ASA angle side angle, ° degrees, ≅ is congruent to, perpendicular to, SAS side angle side, square root symbol, SSA side side angle, SSS side side side, - subtraction	New Signs and Symbols: cos cosine, sin sine, tan tangent

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