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- 16. Find the mass, in grams, of 4.52 X  $10^{-3}$  mol C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>42</sub>
- 17. Calculate the mass, in grams, of 2.50 mol of iron (II) hydroxide.
- 18. Find the number of moles in  $3.70 \times 10^{-1}$  g of boron.
- 19. Calculate the number of moles in 75.0 g of dinitrogen trioxide.
- 20. What is the volume of these gases at STP?
  - a. 3.20 X 10<sup>-3</sup> mol CO<sub>2</sub>
  - b.  $3.70 \text{ mol } N_2$
  - c. 0.960 mol CH<sub>4</sub>
- 21. At STP, how many moles are in these volumes of gases?
  - a.  $67.2 L SO_2$
  - b. 0.880 L He
  - c.  $1.00 \times 10^3 L C_2 H_6$

22. A gaseous compound composed of sulfur and oxygen has a density of 3.58 g/L at STP. What is the molar mass of this gas?

- 23. What is the density of krypton gas at STP?
- 26. How many grams are in 5.66 mol of  $CaCO_3$ ?
- 27. Find the number of moles in 508 g of ethanol ( $C_2H_6O$ ).
- 28. What is the volume, in liters, of  $1.50 \text{ mol Cl}_2$  at STP?

29. Three balloons filled with three different gaseous compounds each have a volume of 22.4 L at STP. Do these balloons have the same mass or contain the same number of molecules? Explain.

30. The density of an elemental gas is 1.7824 g/L at STP. What is the molar mass of the element?

31. The densities of gases A, B, and C at STP are 1.25 g/L, 2.86 g/L, and 0.714 g/L respectively. Calculate the molar mass of each substance. Identify each substance as ammonia ( $NH_3$ ), sulfur dioxide ( $SO_2$ ), chlorine ( $Cl_2$ ), nitrogen ( $N_2$ ), or methane ( $CH_4$ ).