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14. The production of iron and carbon dioxide from iron (III) oxide and carbon monoxide is an exothermic reaction. How many kilojoules of heat are produced when 3.40 mol  $Fe_2O_3$  reacts with an excess of CO?

$$Fe_2O_3(s) + 3CO(g) \rightarrow 2Fe(s) + 3CO_2(g) + 26.3 kJ$$

15. When carbon disulfide is formed from its elements, heat is absorbed. Calculate the amount of heat (in kJ) absorbed when 5.66 g of carbon disulfide is formed.

$$C(s) + 2 S(s) \rightarrow CS_2(I)$$
  $\Delta H = 89.3 kJ$ 

20. When 2 mol of solid magnesium (Mg) combines with 1 mol of oxygen gas ( $O_2$ ), 2 mol of solid magnesium oxide (MgO) is formed and 1204 kJ of heat is released. Write the thermochemical equation for this combustion reaction.

21. Gasohol contains ethanol,  $C_2H_6O(I)$ . When ethanol burns, it reacts with  $O_2(g)$  to produce  $CO_2(g)$  and  $H_2O(I)$ . How much heat is released when 12.5 g of ethanol burns?

$$C_2H_6O(I) + 3 O_2(g) \rightarrow 2 CO_2(g) + 3 H_2O(I) \qquad \triangle \qquad H = -1368 \text{ kJ}$$

59. The burning of magnesium is a highly exothermic reaction.

$$2 \operatorname{Mg}(s) + O_2(g) \rightarrow 2 \operatorname{MgO}(s) + 1204 \text{ kJ}$$

How many kilojoules of heat are released when 0.75 mol of Mg burn in an excess of O<sub>2</sub>?

82. The combustion of ethene  $(C_2H_4)$  is an exothermic reaction.

$$C_2H_4(g) + 3 O_2(g) \rightarrow 2 CO_2(g) + 2 H_2O(l)$$
  $\triangle H = -1.40 \times 10^3 \text{ kJ}$ 

Calculate the amount of heat liberated with 4.79 g of  $C_2H_4$  reacts with excess oxygen.