Unit 3 – Chapter 3	Name
Assignment #3	Period

 The reaction between potassium chlorate and red phosphorus takes place when you strike a match on a matchbox. If you were to react 52.9 g of potassium chlorate (KClO<sub>3</sub>) with excess red phosphorus, what mass of tetraphosphorus decaoxide (P<sub>4</sub>O<sub>10</sub>) would be produced?

 $\begin{array}{rcl} \mathsf{KClO}_{3(s)} + & \mathsf{P}_{4(s)} \rightarrow & \mathsf{P}_{4}\mathsf{O}_{10(s)} + & \mathsf{KCl}_{(s)} \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ &$ 

2) One of the relatively few reactions that takes place directly between two solids at room temperature is

 $Ba(OH)_2 \cdot 8 H_2O_{(s)} + NH_4SCN_{(s)} \rightarrow Ba(SCN)_{2(s)} + H_2O_{(l)} + NH_{3(g)}$ 

- a. Balance this equation.
- b. What mass of ammonium thiocyanate (NH<sub>4</sub>SCN) must be used if it is to react completely with 6.5 g barium hydroxide octahydrate?
- 3) Phosphorus can be prepared from calcium phosphate by the following reaction:

2 Ca<sub>3</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2(s)</sub> + 6 SiO<sub>2(s)</sub> + 10 C<sub>(s)</sub> 
$$\rightarrow$$
 6 CaSiO<sub>3(s)</sub> + P<sub>4(s)</sub> + 10 CO<sub>(g)</sub>

Phosphorite is a mineral that contains  $Ca_3(PO_4)_2$  plus other non-phosphorus-containing compounds. What is the maximum amount of  $P_4$  that can be produced from 1.0 kg of phosphorite if the phosphorite sample is 75%  $Ca_3(PO_4)_2$  by mass? Assume an excess of the other reactants.

4) Consider the following **unbalanced** equation:  $Ca_3(PO_4)_{2(s)} + H_2SO_{4(aq)} \rightarrow CaSO_{4(s)} + H_3PO_{4(aq)}$ 

What masses of calcium sulfate and phosphoric acid can be produced from the reaction of 1.0 kg of calcium phosphate with 1.0 kg of concentrated sulfuric acid (98% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> by mass)?

5) DDT, an insecticide harmful to fish, birds, and humans, is produced by the following reaction: 2  $C_6H_5Cl + C_2HOCl_3 \rightarrow C_{14}H_9Cl_5 + H_2O$ 

chlorobenzene chloral DDT

In a government lab, 1142 g of chlorobenzene is reacted with 485 g of chloral.

- a. What mass of DDT is formed?
- b. Which reactant is limiting? Which is in excess?
- c. What mass of excess reactant is left over?
- d. If the actual yield of DDT is 200.0 g, what is the percent yield?

6) Consider the following **unbalanced** reaction:

 $P_{4(s)} + F_{2(g)} \rightarrow PF_{3(g)}$ What mass of  $F_2$  is needed to produce 120.0 g of PF<sub>3</sub> if the reaction has a 78.1% yield?

- 7) Methane (CH<sub>4</sub>) is the main component of marsh gas. Heating methane in the presence of sulfur produces carbon disulfide and hydrogen sulfide as the only products.
  - a. Write the balanced chemical equation for the reaction of methane and sulfur.
  - b. Calculate the theoretical yield of carbon disulfide when 120.0 g of methane is reacted with an equal mass of sulfur.