

Unit 7 – Chapter 13 Assignment #5

Name _____

Period _____

- 1) The concentration of Ag^+ in a solution saturated with $\text{Ag}_2\text{C}_2\text{O}_4(s)$ is $2.2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}$. Calculate K_{sp} for $\text{Ag}_2\text{C}_2\text{O}_4$.

- 2) Calculate the solubility of each of the following compounds in moles/liter.
 - a. PbI_2 , $K_{sp} = 1.4 \times 10^{-8}$
 - b. CdCO_3 , $K_{sp} = 5.2 \times 10^{-12}$
 - c. $\text{Sr}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$, $K_{sp} = 1.0 \times 10^{-31}$

- 3) Given the K_{sp} and the equilibrium concentration of one ion, calculate the concentration of the other ion.
 - a. lithium phosphate: $K_{sp} = 3.2 \times 10^{-9}$; $[\text{PO}_4^{3-}] = 7.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}$
 - b. silver nitrate: $K_{sp} = 6.0 \times 10^{-4}$; $[\text{Ag}^+] = 0.025 \text{ M}$
 - c. tin (II) hydroxide: $K_{sp} = 1.4 \times 10^{-28}$; $[\text{OH}^-] = 2.2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M}$

- 4) Calculate the molar solubility of $\text{Cd}(\text{OH})_2$, $K_{sp} = 5.9 \times 10^{-11}$

- 5) Cadmium (II) chloride is added to a solution of potassium hydroxide with $[\text{OH}^-] = 4.2 \times 10^{-5}$, K_{sp} $\text{Cd}(\text{OH})_2 = 2.5 \times 10^{-14}$.
- At what concentration of Cd^{2+} does a precipitate first start to form?
 - Enough cadmium (II) chloride is added to make $[\text{Cd}^{2+}] = 0.0013 \text{ M}$. What is the $[\text{OH}^-]$ of the resulting solution?
 - What percentage of the original hydroxide ion is left in solution?
- 6) Before lead in paint was discontinued, lead (II) chromate was a common pigment in yellow paint. A 1.0 liter solution is prepared by mixing 0.50 mg of lead (II) nitrate with 0.020 mg of potassium chromate.
- Will a precipitate form?
 - What should $[\text{Pb}^{2+}]$ be to just start precipitation?
- 7) A solution is prepared by mixing 35.00 mL of a 0.061 M solution of zinc nitrate with 20.0 mL of KOH at $1.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M}$. Assume the volumes are additive. Will a precipitate form?
- 8) Will a precipitate form when 100.0 mL of $4.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}$ $\text{Mg}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ is added to 100.0 mL of $2.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}$ NaOH?