Unit 5 – Chapter 16: Electrochemistry	Name
Assignment #3: E^0 , ΔG , K Calculations for Voltaic Cells	Period

- 1) For a certain cell, $E^0 = 1.20$ V. Calculate ΔG^0 if *n* is
 - a. 1
 - b. 2
 - c. 3

2) Calculate E^0 , ΔG^0 , and K at 25^oC for the reaction

$$3 S^{2-} + 2 NO_{3-(aq)} + 4 H_2O \rightarrow 3 S_{(s)} + 2 NO + 8 OH_{(aq)}$$

- 3) Calculate ΔG^0 at 25°C for each of the reactions referred to in each of the following reactions below. Assume smallest whole-number coefficients.
 - a. $Pb_{(s)} + 2 Ag^{+}_{(aq)} \rightarrow Pb^{2+}_{(aq)} + 2 Ag_{(s)}$
 - b. $O_{2(g)}$ + 4 Fe²⁺_(aq) + 4 H⁺_(aq) \rightarrow 2 H₂O + 4 Fe³⁺_(aq)
 - c. A Cd-Cd²⁺ half-cell and a Zn-Zn²⁺ half-cell
- 4) Calculate *K* at 25^oC for each of the reactions referred to below. Assume smallest whole-number coefficients.
 - a. chromium (II) ions and tin (IV) ions to produce chromium (III) ions and tin (II) ions
 - b. manganese (II) ions and hydrogen peroxide to produce solid manganese dioxide (MnO₂).