1) Discuss the effect of temperature change on the spontaneity of the following reactions at 1 atm.

a. 
$$Al_2O_{3(s)} + 2 Fe_{(s)} \rightarrow 2 Al_{(s)} + Fe_2O_{3(s)}$$
  $\Delta H^0 = +851.5 \text{ kJ}; \Delta S^0 = +38.5 \text{ J/K}$ 

$$\Delta H^0 = +851.5 \text{ kJ}; \Delta S^0 = +38.5 \text{ J/k}$$

b. 
$$N_2H_{4(1)} \rightarrow N_{2(a)} + 2 H_{2(a)}$$

$$\Delta H^0 = -50.6 \text{ kJ}; \Delta S^0 = 0.3315 \text{ kJ/K}$$

c. 
$$SO_{3(q)} \rightarrow SO_{2(q)} + \frac{1}{2}O_{2(q)}$$

b. 
$$N_2H_{4(l)} \rightarrow N_{2(g)} + 2 H_{2(g)}$$
  $\Delta H^0 = -50.6 \text{ kJ}; \Delta S^0 = 0.3315 \text{ kJ/K}$   
c.  $SO_{3(g)} \rightarrow SO_{2(g)} + \frac{1}{2} O_{2(g)}$   $\Delta H^0 = 98.9 \text{ kJ}; \Delta S^0 = +0.0939 \text{ kJ/K}$ 

- 2) For the reaction:  $SnO_{2(s)} + 2CO_{(a)} \rightarrow 2CO_{2(a)} + Sn_{(s)}$  (White tin  $S^0 = 52$  J/K·mol) Calculate the temperature at which  $\Delta G^0 = 0$ .
- 3) For the decomposition for  $Ag_2O$ : 2  $Ag_2O_{(s)} \rightarrow 4 Ag_{(s)} + O_{2(q)}$ 
  - a. Obtain an expression for  $\Delta G^0$  as a function of temperature. Prepare a table of  $\Delta G^0$ values at 100-K intervals between 100 K and 500 K.
  - b. Calculate the temperature at which  $\Delta G^0$  becomes zero.
- 4) Pencil "lead" is almost pure graphite. Graphite is the stable elemental form of carbon at 25°C and 1 atm. Diamond is an allotrope of graphite. Given diamond:  $\Delta H^0_f = 1.9 \text{ kJ/mol}$ ;  $S^0 = 2.4$  $J/mol \cdot K$  at what temperature are the two forms in equilibrium at 1 atm?

5) Given the following data for bromine, estimate the normal boiling point of bromine.

$$Br_{2(l)} \longrightarrow Br_{2(g)}$$

$$Br_{2(l)}$$
:  $S^0 = 152.2 \text{ J/mol} \cdot \text{K}$ 

$$Br_{2(q)}$$
:  $S^0 = 245.4 \text{ J/mol} \cdot \text{K}$   $\Delta H^0_f = 30.91 \text{ kJ/mol}$ 

$$\Delta H^{0}_{f} = 30.91 \text{ kJ/mol}$$